## OFFICIAL NOTICE

INDUSTRIAL WELFARE COMMISSION
ORDER NO. 5-2001
REGULATING
WAGES, HOURS AND WORKING CONDITIONS INTHE

# PUBLIC HOUSEKEEPING INDUSTRY 

## Effective July 1, 2003 as amended

Sections 4(A) and 10(C) amended and republished by the Department of Industrial Relations, effective January 1, 2007, pursuant to AB 1835, Chapter 230, Statutes of 2006

## This Order Must Be Posted Where Employees Can Read It Easily

## Please Post With This Side Showing <br> OFFICIAL NOTICE <br> Effective July 1, 2003 as amended <br> Sections 4(A) and 10(C) amended and republished by the Department of Industrial Relations, effective January 1, 2007, pursuant to AB 1835, Chapter 230, Statutes of 2006 <br> INDUSTRIAL WELFARE COMMISSION <br> ORDER NO. 5-2001 <br> REGULATING <br> WAGES, HOURS AND WORKING CONDITIONS INTHE PUBLIC HOUSEKEEPING INDUSTRY


#### Abstract

TAKE NOTICE: To employers and representatives of persons working in industries and occupations in the State of California: The Department Industrial Relations amends and republishes the minimum wage and meal and lodging credits in the Industrial Welfare Commission's Orders as a result of legislation enacted (AB 1835, Ch. 230, Stats of 2006, adding sections 1182.12 and 1182.13 to the California Labor Code.) The amendments and republishing make no other changes to the IWC's Orders

\section*{1. APPLICABILITY OF ORDER}

This order shall apply to all persons employed in the public housekeep ing industry whether paid on a time, piece rate, commission, or other basis, except that (A) Except as provided in Sections 1,2,4,10, and 20, the provisions of this order shall not apply to student nurses in a school accredited by the California Board of Registered Nursing or by the Board of Vocational Nurs and Psychiatric Technician Examiners are exempted by the 2789 or 2884 of the Business and Professions Code; (B) Provisions of sections 3 through 12 shall not apply to persons employed in administrative, executive, or professional capacities. Th following requirements shall apply in determining whether an employee's duties meet the test to qualify for an exemption to those sections (1) Executive Exemption. A person employed in an executive (a) Whose duties and responsibilities involve the management of the enterprise in which he or she is employed or of a customarily recognized department or subdivision thereof; and (b) Who customarily and regularly directs the work of two or more other employees therein; and mose whose suggestiont and promotion or any asther change of status of ather employees will be given particular weight; and (d) Who customarily and regula independent judgment• and (e) Who is primarily engaged in duties which meet the test of


field or science or learning customarily acquired by a prolonged course of specialized intellectual instruction and study, as distinguished from general academic education and from an apprenticeship, and from training in the performance of routine mental, manual, or physical processes, or work that is an essential part of or necessarily incident to any of the above work; or (ii) Work that is original and creative in character in a
recognized field of artistic endeavor (as opposed to work which can be produced by a person endowed with general manual or intellectual ability and training), and the result of which depends primarily on the invention magination, or talent of the employee or work that is an essential part of
(iii) Whose work is predominand
in character (as opposed to routine mental manual mechanical or physical work) and is of such character that the output produced or the result accomplished cannot be standardized in relation to a given period of time.
(c) Who customarily and regularly exercises discretion and daependent judgment in the performance of duties set forth in paragraph (a).
(d) Who earns a monthly salary equivalent to no less than two 2) times the state minimum wage for full-time employment. Full-tim employment is defined in Labor Code Section 515 (c) as 40 hours per week accordance with the follograph (b) above is 5 deral to be thued ale this Wage Order: 29 C.F. S. Sections $541.207,541.301$ (a) (d), 541.302, 541.306, 541.307, 541.308, and 541.310.
(f) Notwithstanding the provisions of this subparagraph pharmacists employed to engage in the practice of pharmacy and regis tered nurses employed to engage in the practice of nursing, shall not be considered exempt professional employees, nor shall they be considered exempt from coverage for the purposes of this subsection unless they ndividually meet the criteria established for exemption as executive or administrative employees.
(g) Subparagraph (f) above, shall not apply to the following advanced practice nurses.
other professional whose work is highly dependent upon or facilitated by the use of computers and computer software programs and who is skilled in computer-aided design software, including CAD/CAM, but who is not in a computer systems analysis or programming occupation.
v) The employee is a writer engaged in writing material including box labels, product descriptions, documentation, promotiona material, setup and installation instructions, and other similar written information, either for print or for onscreen media or who writes or provides content material intended to be read by customers, subscribers, or visitors o computer-related media such as the World Wide Web or CD-ROM
(vi) The employee is engaged in any of the activities set
forth in subparagraph (h) for the purpose of creating imagery for effects used in the motion picture, television, or theatrical industry.
(C) Except as provided in Sections 1, 2, 4, 10, and 20, the provisions of this order shall not apply to any employees directly employed by the State or any political subdivision thereof, including any city, county, or special district.
(D) The provisions of this order shall not apply to outside salespersons.
E) Provisions of this order shall not apply to any individual who is the
parent, spouse, child, or legally adopted child of the employer
(F) The provisions of this order shall not apply to any individual participating in a national service program, such as AmeriCorps, carried out using assistance provided under Section 12571 of Title 42 of the United States Code. (See Stats. 2000, ch. 365, amending Labor Code § 1171.)

## 2. DEFINITIONS

(A) An "alternative workweek schedule" means any regularly scheduled workweek requiring an employee to work more than eight (8) hours in a 24 -hour period.
(B) "Commission" means the Industrial Welfare Commission of the State of California.
(C) "Division" means the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement of Stae "E California
D) "Emergency" means an unpredictable or unavoidable occurrence equiring immediate action.
(E) "Employ" means to engage, suffer, or permit to work.
the exemption. The activities constituting exempt work and non-exempt work shall be construed in the same manner as such items are construed in the following regulations under the Fair Labor Standards Act effective as of the date of this order: 29 C.F.R. Sections 541.102, 541.104-111, and 541.115-116. Exempt work shall include, for example, all work that is directly and closely related to exempt work and work which is properly verformed a means for carrying out exempt functions. The work actually and foremost be examined and the amount of time the employee spends on such work, together with the employer's realistic expectations and the realistic requirements of the job, shall be considered in determining whethe the employee satisfies this requirement
equivalent to (f) Such an employee must also earn a monthly salary employment. Full-time employment is defined in Labor Code Section 515(c) as 40 hours per week
trative capacity means any employee:
(a) Whose duties and responsibilities involve either:
(i) The performance of office or non-manual work directly related to management policies or general business operations of his related to management policies or gener
employer or his employer's customers; or
(ii) The performance of functions in the administration of a school system, or educational establishment or institution, or of a department of subdivision thereof, in work directly related to the academic instruction or training carried on therein; and
(b) Who customarily and regularly exercises discretion and (c) Who regularly and directly assists a proprietor, or an employee employed in a bona fide executive or administrative capacity (as such terms are defined for purposes of this section); or
specialized (d) Who performs under only general supervision work along knowledge; or
assignments and tasks; and
(f) Who is primarily engaged in duties which meet the test of the exemption. The activities constituting exempt work and non-exemp work shall be construed in the same manner as such terms are construed of the date of this order: 29 C.F.R. Sections 541.201-205, 541.207-208 541.210 , and 541.215 . Exempt work shall include, for example, all work tha is directly and closely related to exempt work and work which is properly viewed as a means for carrying out exempt functions. The work actually performed by the employee during the course of the work week must, firs and foremost, be examined and the amount of time the employee spends on such work, together with the employer's realistic expectations and the realistic requirements of the job, shall be considered in determining whether the employee satisfies this requirement
(g) Such employee must also earn a monthly salary equiva Full time (2) mes the is defined in Labor Code Sectio employment. Full -time per week
(3) Professional Exemption. A person employed in a professiona capacity means any employee who meets all of the following requirements is primarily (a) Who is licensed or certified by the State of California and professions:law, medicine, dentistry, optometry, architecture, engineering, teaching, or accounting; or
(b) Who is primarily engaged in an occupation commonly recognized as a learned or artistic profession. For the purposes of this subsection, "learned or artistic profession" means an employee who is primarily engaged in the performance of:
(i) Work requiring knowledge of an advanced type in a
(i) Certified nurse midwives who are primarily engaged in performing duties for which certification is required pursuant to Article 2.5 commencing with Section 2746) of Chapter 6 of Division 2 of the Busines and Professions Code.
(ii) Certified nurse anesthetists who are primarily en
gaged in performing duties for which certification is required pursuant to Article 7 (commencing with Section 2825) of Chapter 6 of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code.
(iii) Certified nurse practitioners who are primarily en gaged in performing duties for certification is required pursuant to Article 8 (commencing with Section Business and Profess
(iv) Nothing in this subparagraph shall exempt the occu pations set forth in clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) from meeting the requirement of subsection $1(B)(3)(a)-(d)$, above.
(h) Except as provided in subparagraph (i), an employee in he computer software field who is paid on an hourly basis shall be exempt all of the following apply:
tellectual or creative employee is primarily engaged in work that is intellectual or cr
dent judgment.
(ii) The employee is primarily engaged in duties that consist of one or more of the following
-The application of systems analysis techniques and procedures, including consulting with users, to determine hardware, softprocedures, including consulting with use
ware, or system functional specifications.

- The design, development, documentation, analysis creation, testing, or modification of computer systems or programs, includ ing prototypes, based on and related to, user or system design specifications.
of computer programs related to the design of software or hardware fo computer operating systems.
(iii) The employee is highly skilled and is proficient in the theoretical and practical application of highly specialized information to computer systems analysis, programming, and software engineering. A job itle shall not be determinative of the applicability of this exemption
(iv) The employee's hourly rate of pay is not less than
$(\$ 41.00)$. The Division of Labor Statistics and Research orty-one dollars (\$41.00). The Division of Labor Statistics and Research January 1 of the following year by an amount equal to the percentage ncrease in the California Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers.*
(i) The exemption provided in subparagraph (h) does not apply to an employee if any of the following apply:
(i) The employee is a tranee or employee in an entry evel position who is learning to become proficient in the theoretical and practical application of highly specialized information to computer systems analysis, programming, and software engineering
(ii) The employee is in a computer-related occupation but has not attained the level of skill and expertise necessary to work independently and without close supervision rsorinthe manufacture, repair, ormaintenance of computerh of comput lated equipment (iv) The employee is an engineer, drafter, machinist, or
* Pursuant to Labor Code section 515.5, subdivision (a)(4), the Division of Labor Statistics and Research, Department of Industrial Relations, has adjusted the minimum hourly rate of pay specified in this subdivision to be $\$ 49.77$, effective January 1, 2007. This hourly rate of pay is adjusted on and may be ebtained at www dir ca ov/IWC or by mail from the Depart ment of Industrial Relations.
(F) "Employee" means any person employed by an employer, and includes any lessee who is charged rent, or who pays rent for a chair, booth, or space and
(2) who does not maintain an appointment book separate and distinct from that of the establishment in which the space is located, and (3) who does not have a business license where applicable.
(G) "Employees in the Healthcare Industry" means any of the following: 2) Employees in the healthcare industry working in a clinical or medical department, including pharmacists dispensing prescriptions in any practice setting; or
(3) Employees in the healthcare industry working primarily or regularly as a member of a patient care delivery team
(4) Licensed veterinarians, registered veterinary technicians and unregistered animal health technicians providing patient care
(H) "Employer" means any person as defined in Section 18 of the Labor Code, who directly or indirectly, or through an agent or any other person, employs or exercises control over the wages, hours, or working conditions of any person.
I) "Healthcare Emergency" consists of an unpredictable or unavoidable occurrence at unscheduled intervals relating to healthcare delivery, equiring immediate action
(J) "Healthcare Industry" is defined as hospitals, skilled nursing facilifies, intermediate care and residential care facilities, convalescent care per day, and clinics performing surgery, urgent care, radiology, anesthesiology, pathology, neurology or dialysis
(K) "Hours worked" means the time during which an employee is subject to the control of an employer, and includes all the time the employee is suffered or permitted to work, whether or not required to do so, and in the case of an employee who is required to reside on the employment premises, that time spent carrying out assigned duties shall be counted as hours worked. Within the health care industry, the term hours worked means the time during which an employee is suffered or permitted to work for the employer, whether or not required to do so, as interpreted in accordance (L) "Mino"" means, for the Labor Standards Act
purpOse of this Order, any person under the age of 18 years.
(M) "Outside Salesperson" means any person, 18 years of age or over who customarily and regularly works more than half the working time away obtaining orders or contracts for products, services or use of facilities
( N ) "Personal attendant" includes baby sitters and means any person employed by a non-profit organization covered by this order to supervise, eed or dress a child or person who by reason of advanced age, physical disability or mental deficiency needs supervision. The status of "personal attendant shall apply when no significant amount of work other than the foregoing is required.
(O) "Primarily" as used in Section 1, Applicability, means more than one-half the employee's work time.
(P) "Public Housekeeping Industry" means any industry, business, or whether operated as a primary business or when incidental to other operations in an establishment not covered by an industry order of the Commission, and includes, but is not limited to the following:
(1) Restaurants, night clubs, taverns, bars, cocktail lounges, lunch counters, cafeterias, boarding houses, clubs, and all similar establishments where food in either solid or liquid form is prepared and served to be consumed on the premises;
ments which prepare food for consumption service, and similar establishments which prepare food for consumption on or off the premises;
(3) Hotels, motels, apartment houses, rooming houses, camps,
clubs, trailer parks, office or loft buildings, and similar establishments offering rental of living, business, or commercial quarters,
(4) Hospitals, sanitariums, rest homes, child nurseries, child care institutions, homes for the aged, and similar establishments offering board or lodging in addition to medical, surgical, nursing, convalescent, aged, or child care;
(5) Private schools, colleges, or universities, and similar establish
ments which provide board or lodging in addition to educational facilities ments which provide board or lodging in addition to educational facilities
(6) Establishments contracting for development maintenance or cleaning of grounds; maintenance or cleaning of facilities and/or quarters of commercial units and living units; and
services. (7) Establishments providing veterinary or other animal care
(Q) "Shift" means designated hours of work by an employee, with a designated beginning time and quitting time.
(R) "Split shift" means a work schedule which is interrupted by non-paid non-working periods established by the employer, other than bona fide rest or meal periods.
(S) "Teaching" means, for the purpose of section 1 of this Order, the profession of teaching under a certificate from the Commission for Teache Preparation and Licensing or teaching in an accredited college or univer sity.
(T) "Wages" include all amounts of labor performed by employees of
every description, whether the amount is fixed or ascertained by the every description, whether the amount is fixed or ascertained by the
standard of time, task, piece, commission basis, or other method of standard of
calculation.
(U) "Workday" and "day" mean any consecutive 24-hour period beginning at the same time each calendar day.
 starting with the same calendar day each week. "Workweek" is a fixed and
regularly recurring period of 168 hours, seven (7) consecutive 24-hour regularly recurring period of 168 hours, seven (7) consecutive 24-hour
periods.


## 3. HOURS AND DAYS OF WORK

(A) Daily Overtime- General Provisions
(1) The following overtime provisions are applicable to employees 18 years of age or over and to employees 16 or 17 years of age who are no required by law to attend school and are not otherwise prohibited by law
from engaging in the subject work. Such employees shall not be employed from engaging in the subject work. Such employees shall not be employed more than eight (8) hours in any workday or more than 40 hours in any workweek unless the employee receives one and one-half ( $1^{1 / 2}$ ) times such employee's regular rate of pay for all hours worked over 40 hours in the workweek. Eight (8) hours of labor constitutes a day's work. Employment
beyond eight (8) hours in any workday or more than six (6) days in any workweek is permissible provided the employee is compensated for such workweek is permissible pre at not less than:
(a) One and one-half ( $11 / 2$ ) times the employee's regular rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours up to and including twelve (12) hours in any workday, and for the first eight (8) hours worked on the seventh ( $7^{\text {th }}$ ) consecutive day of work in a workweek; and
(b) Double the employee's regular rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 12 hours in any workday and for all hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours on the seventh $\left(7^{\text {th }}\right)$ consecutive day of work in a workweek.
a nonexempt full-time overtime rate of compensation required to be paid to employee's regular hourly salary employee shall be computed by using the weekly salary.
(2) Employees with direct responsibility for children who are under 18 years of age or who are not emancipated from the foster care system and violating any provision of this section, be compensated as follows:
(a) An employee who works in excess of 40 hours in a
before the performance of the work, shall remain valid after July 1, 2000 provided that the results of the election are reported by the employer to the Division of Labor Statistics and Research by January 1, 2001, in accor dance with the requirements of Section C below (Election Procedures). I an employee was voluntarily working an alternative workw not more than ten (10) hours a day as of July 1, 1999, that alternative 1998 between the employee and employer, and the employee submitted, and the employer approved, a written request on or before May 30, 2000 to continue the agreement, the employee may continue to work that alternaive workweek schedule without payment of an overtime rate of compensafion for the hours provided in the agreement. An employee may revoke his or her voluntary authorization to continue such a schedule with 30 days written notice to the employer. New arrangements can only be entered into pursuant to the provisions of this section. Notwithstanding the foregoing, health care industry employer implemented a reduced rate for 12 hour shift employees in the last quarter of 1999 and desires to re-implement a flexible work arrangement that includes 12 hour shifts at straight time for the same work unit, the employer must pay a base rate to each affected mployee in the work unit that is no less than that employee's base rate in ely prior to the date of the rate reduction.
(8) Notwithstanding the above provisions regarding alternative vorkweek schedules, no employer of employees in the healthcare industry pursuant to the election procedures set forth in this wage order a regularly scheduled alternative workweek schedule that includes work days exceed ing ten (10) hours but not more than 12 hours within a 40-hour workweek without the payment of overtime compensation, provided that:
(a) An employee who works beyond 12 hours in a workday shall be compensated at double the employee's regular rate of pay for al hours in excess of (12);
(b) An employee who works in excess of 40 hours in a workweek shall be compensated at one and one-half ( $11 / 2$ ) times the employee's regular rate of pay for all hours over 40 hours in the workweek this section shall provide for not less than four (4) hours of work in any shift (d) The same overtime standards shall apply to employees (e) Any employer who instituted an alternative workweek schedule pursuant to this subsection shall make a reasonable effort to find election prior to 1998 pursuant to the provisions of Wage Orders 4 and 5 and who is unable to work the alternative workweek schedule established.
(f) An employer engaged in the operation of a licensed hospital or in providing personnel for the operation of a licensed hospital who institutes, pursuant to a valid order of the Commission, a regularly scheduled alternative workweek that includes no more than three (3) 12 hour workdays, shall make a reasonable effort to find another work the gchedule and is unable to work the 12-hour shifts. An employer shall no be required to offer a different work assignment to an employee if such a work assignment is not available or if the employee was hired after the adoption of the 12 hour, three (3) day alternative workweek schedule.
(9) No employee assigned to work a 12 hour shift established pursuant to this Order shall be required to work more than 12 hours in any 24 hour period unless the Chief Nursing Officer or authorized executive declares that:
and
(a) A "healthcare emergency", as defined, exists in this Order,
staffing, and
(b) All reasonable steps have been taken to provide required (c) Considering overall operational s
is necessary to provide required staffing.
(10) Provided further that no employee shall be required to work
new secret ballot election to repeal that alternative workweek schedule shall not be subject to the 12-month interval between elections. The election shall take place during regular working hours at the employees work site. If the alternative workweek schedule is revoked, the employer shall comply within 60 days. Upon proper showing of undue hardship, the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement may grant an extension of time for compliance.
(6) Only secret ballots may be cast by affected employees in the work unit at any election held pursuant to this section. The results of any election conducted pursuant to this section shall be reported by the empleyer the results are final, and the report of election results shall be a public document. The report shall include the final tally of the vote, the size of the unit, and the nature of the business of the employer.
(7) Employees affected by a change in the work hours resulting from the adoption of an alternative workweek schedule may not be required to work those new work hours for at least 30 days after the announcement of the final results of the election
(8) Employers shall not intimidate or coerce employees to vote either in support of or in opposition to a proposed alternative workweek. No employees shall be discharged or discriminated against for expressing opinions concerning the alternative workweek election or for opposing or suppohing an employer from expressing his/her position concerning that alternative workweek to the affected employees. A violation of this subsection shall be subject to Labor Code section 98 et seq.
(D) No employer engaged in the operation of a hospital or an establishment which is an institution primarily engaged in the care of the sick, the aged, or the mentally ill or defective who reside on the premises shall be deemed to have violated any provision of this section if, pursuant to an agreement or understanding arrived at between the employer and employee before performance of work, a work period of 14 consecutive days s accepted in lieu of the workweek of seven (7) consecutive days for purposes of overtime computation and if, for any employment in excess of 80 hours in such 14 day period, the employee receives compensation at a rate not less than one and
(E) This section does not apply to organized camp counselors who are not employed more than 54 hours and not more than six (6) days in any workweek except under the conditions set forth below. This section shall
also not apply to personal attendants as defined in Section 2 (N), nor to resident managers of homes for the aged having less than eight (8) beds; provided that persons employed in such occupations shall not be employed more than 40 hours nor more than six (6) days in any workweek, except under the following conditions:

In the case of emergency, employees may be employed in excess of forty (40) hours or six (6) days in any workweek provided the employee is compensated for all hours in excess of 40 hours and days in excess of six (6) days in the workweek at not less than one and one-half ( $11 / 2$ ) times the employee's regular rate of pay. However, regarding organized camp counselors, in case of emergency they may be employed in excess of 54 one and one-half $\left(1^{1 / 2}\right)$ times the employee's regular rate of pay for all hours one and one-half (11/2) times the employee's regular rate of pay for
worked in excess of 54 hours and six (6) days in the workweek.
(F) One and one-half ( $11 / 2$ ) times a minor's regular rate of pay shall be paid for all work over 40 hours in any workweek except minors sixteen (16) or 17 years old who are not required by law to attend school and may therefore be employed for the same hours as an adult are subject to subsection (A), (B), (C), or (D) above.
(VIOLATIONS OF CHILD LABOR LAWS are subject to civil penalties of from $\$ 500$ to $\$ 10,000$ as well as to criminal penalties.
Refer to California Labor Code sections 1285 to 1312 and 1390 to
1399 for additional restrictions on the employment of minors and
for descriptions of criminal and civil penalties for violation of the
workweek shall be compensated at one and one-half ( $1^{1 / 2}$ ) times the employee's regular rate of pay for all hours over 40 hours in the workweek employee's regular rate of pay for all hours in excess of 48 hours in the workweek.
(c) An employee shall be compensated at two (2) times the employee's regular rate of pay for all hours in excess of 16 in a workday until said employee receives not less than eight (8) consecutive hours off duty immediately following the 24 consecutive hours of work. Time spen sleeping shall not be included as hours worked.
(e) Section (A)(2) above shall apply to employees of 24 hour non-medical out of home licensed, elderly, and mentally ill adults. This section, (3)(A)(2)(e), shall sunset on July 1, 2005
(B) Alternative Workweek Schedules
(1) No employer shall be deemed to have violated the daily overtime provisions by instituting, pursuant to the election procedures se forth in this wage order, a regularly scheduled alternative workweek schedule of not more than ten (10) hours per day within a 40 hour workweek without the payment of an overtime rate of compensation. All work perup to twelve (12) hours a day or beyond 40 hours per week shall be paid a one and one-half ( $11 / 2$ ) times the employee's regular rate of pay. All work performed in excess of twelve (12) hours per day and any work in excess of eight (8) hours on those days worked beyond the regularly scheduled number of workdays established by the alternative workweek agreemen shall be paid at double the employee's regular rate of pay. Any alternative workweek agreement adopted pursuant to this section shall provide for no less than four (4) hours of work in any shift. Nothing in this section shal prohibit an employer, at the request of the employee, to substitute one day of work for another day of the same length in the shift provided by the alternative workweek agreement on an occasional basis to meet the personal needs of the employee without the payment of overtime. No hours paid at either one and one-half ( $11 / 2$ ) or double the regular rate of pay shal purpose of computing overtime compensation.
(2) If an employer, whose employees have adopted an alternative workweek agreement permitted by this order requires an employee to work fewer hours than those that are regularly scheduled by the agreement, the employer shall pay the employee overtime compensation at a rate of one and one-half ( $(1 / 2)$ times the employee's regular rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of eight ( 8 ) hours, and double the employee's regular rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 12 hours for the day the employee is required to work the reduced hours.
(3) An employer shall not reduce an employee's regular rate o hourly pay as a result of the adoption, repeal or nullification of an alternative workweek schedule.
(4) An employer shall explore any available reasonable alternative means of accommodating the religious belief or observance of an affected employee that conids wh adivion (j) of Section 12940 of the Government Code.
(5) An employer shall make a reasonable effort to find a work schedule not to exceed eight (8) hours in a workday, in order to accommo date any affected employee who was eligible to vote in an election
authorized by this Section and who is unable to work the alternative workweek schedule established as the result of that election
(6) An employer shall be permitted, but not required, to provide a work schedule not to exceed eight (8) hours in a workday to accommodate any employee who is hired after the date of the election and who is unable to work the alternative workweek schedule established by the election. to this order prior to 1998, or under the rules in effect prior to 1998, and
more than 16 hours in a 24 -hour period unless by voluntary mutua agreement of the employee and employer, and no employee shall work more than 24 consecutive hours until said employee receives not less than ight (8) consecutive hours off-duty immediately following the 24 consecu ive hours of work
(11) Notwithstanding subsection (B)(9) above, an employee ma e required to work up to 13 hours in any 24 -hour period if the employe scheduled to relieve the subject employee does not report for duty as advance of that scheduled shift that he/she will not be appearing for duty as scheduled.

Election procedures for the adoption and repeal of alternative work week schedules require the following.
(1) Each proposal for an alternative workweek schedule shall be in the form of a written agreement proposed by the employer. The proposed agreement must designate a regularly scheduled alternative workweek in which the specified number of work days and work hours are regularly ecurring. The actual days worked within that alternative workweek sched ule need not be specified. The employer may propose a single work chit unit would be entitled to choose If the employer proposes a menu of work chedule options the employee may, with the approval of the employer, move from one menu option to another
(2) In order to be valid, the proposed alternative workweek chedule must be adopted in a secret ballot election, before the perfor mance of work, by at least a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the affected employees in the work unit. The election shall be held during regular working hours a he employees' work site. For purposes of this subsection, "affected mployees in the work unit may include all employees in a readily dentifiable work unit, such as a division, a department, a job classification a shift, a separate physical location, or a recognized subdivision of any such work unit. A work unit may consist of an individual employee as long as the or an identifiable work unit in this subsection is met
(3) Prior to the secret ballot vote, any employer who proposed to institute an alternative workweek schedule shall have made a disclosure in writing to the affected employees, including the effects of the proposed disclosure shall include meeting(s), duly noticed, held at least fourteen (14) days prior to voting, for the specific purpose of discussing the effects of the alternative workweek schedule. An employer shall provide that disclosure in a non-English language, as well as in English, if at least five (5) percen of the affected employees primarily speak that non-English language. The employer shall mail the written disclosure to employees who do not attend he meeting. Failure to comply with this paragraph shall make the election null and void.
(4) Any election to establish or repeal an alternative workweek schedule shall be held at the work site of the affected employees. The mployer shall bear the costs of conducting any election held pursuant to nvestigation by the Labor Commissioner, the Labor Commissioner may require the employer to select a neutral third party to conduct the election.
(5) Any type of alternative workweek schedule that is authorized by the Labor Code may be repealed by the affected employees. Upon a petition of one-third ( $1 / 3$ ) of the affected employees, a new secret ballo election shall be held and a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the affected employees shall be required to reverse the alternative workweek schedule. The election to repeal the alternative workweek schedule shall be held not more han 30 days after the petition is submitted to the employer, except that the election shall be held not less than 12 months after the date that the same group of employees voted in an election held to adopt or repeal an schedule was adopted between October 1, 1999 and October 1, 2000, a
child labor laws. Employers should ask school districts about any equired work permits.)
(G) An employee may be employed on seven (7) workdays in a workweek when the total hours of employment during such workweek do not exceed 30 and the total hours of employment in any one workd hereof do not exceed six (6).
(H) If a meal period occurs on a shift beginning or ending at or between food and drink or for heating food or drink, and a suitable sheltered place shall be provided in which to consume such food or drink.
(I) The provisions of this section are not applicable to employees whose hours of service are regulated by:
Federal Regulations, title 49, sections 395.1 to 395.13 , Hours of Service of Drivers, or
(2) Title 13 of the California Code of Regulations, subchapter 6.5, section 1200 and following sections, regulating hours or drivers
(J) The daily overtime provisions of subsection (A) above shall not apply to ambulance drivers and attendants scheduled for 24 hours shifts of duty who have agreed in writing to exclude from daily time worked not more scheduled uninterrupted sleeping period of not more than eight (8) hours. The employer shall provide adequate dormitory and kitchen facilities for employees on such a schedule.
(K) The provisions of Labor Code Sections 551 and 552 regarding one (1) day's rest in seven (7) shall not be construed to prevent an accumulation of days of rest when the nature of the employment reasonably requires the employee to work seven (7) or more consecutive days; provided, however, one (1) day's rest in seven (7).
(L) Except as provided in subsections (F) and (K), this section shall not apply to any employee covered by a valid collective bargaining agreement if the agreement expressly provides for the wages, hours of work, and working conditions of the employees, and if the agreement provides pay for those employees of not less than 30 percent more than the state minimum wage
(M) Notwithstanding subsection (L) above, where the employer and a abor organization representing employees of the employer have entered into a valid collective bargaining agreement pertaining to the hours of work of the employees, the requirement regarding the equivalent of one (1) day's rest in seven (7) (see subsection (K)
agreement expressly provides otherwise.
( N ) If an employer approves a written request of an employee to make up work time that is or would be lost as a result of a personal obligation of the employee, the hours of that make up work time, if performed in the same workweek in which the work time was lost, may not be counted toward computing the total number of hours worked in a day for purposes of the (1) day or 40 hours of work in one (1) workweek. If an employee knows in (1) day or 40 hours of work in one (1) workweek. If an employee knows in obligation that will recur at a fixed time over a succession of weeks, the employee may request to make up work time for up to four (4) weeks in advance; provided, however, that the make up work must be performed in the same week that the work time was lost. An employee shall provide a signed written request for each occasion that the employee makes a equest to make up work time pursuant to this Section. While an employer may inform an employee of this make up time option, the employer is prohibited from encouraging or otherwise soliciting an employee to request the employer's approval to take personal time off and make up the work hours within the same workweek pursuant to this Section.

## 4. MINIMUM WAGES

(A) Every employer shall pay to each employee wages not less than
seven dollars and fifty cents (\$7.50) per hour for all hours worked, effective January 1,2007, and not less than eight dollars (\$8.00) per hour for all hours worked, effective January 1, 2008, except:

LEARNERS. Employees during their first one hundred and sixty (160) hours of employment in occupations in which they have no previous simila or related experience, may be paid not less than 85 percent of the minimum wage rounded to the nearest nickel.
(B) Every employer shall pay to each employee, on the established payday for the period involved, not less than the applicable minimum wage for all hours worked in the payroll period, whether the remuneration is measured by time, piece, commission, or otherwise.
(C) When an employee works a split shift, one hour's pay at the minimum wage shall be paid in addition to the minimum wage for that workday, except when the employee resides at the place of employment
(D) The provisions of this section shall not apply to apprentices regularly indentured under the State Division of Apprenticeship Standards.

## 5. REPORTING TIME PAY

(A) Each workday an employee is required to report for work and does report, but is not put to work or is furnished less than half said employee's usual or scheduled day's work, the employee shall be paid for half the usual or scheduled day's work, but in no event for less than two (2) hours nor more than four (4) hours, at the employee's regular rate of pay, which shall not be less than the minimum wage
(B) If an employee is required to report for work a second time in any one workday and is furnished less than two hours of work on the second reporting, said employee shall be paid for two hours at the employee's
(C) The foregoing reporting time pay provisions are not applicable
(C) The foregoing employees or property; or when recommended by civil authorities; or (2) Public utilities fail to supply electricity, water, or gas, or there is a failure in the public utilities, or sewer system; or
(3) The interruption of work is caused by an Act of God or othe cause not within the employer's control.
(D) This section shall not apply to an employee on paid standby status who is called to perform assigned work at a time other than the employee's scheduled reporting time.

## 6. LICENSES FOR DISABLED WORKERS

(A) A license may be issued by the Division authorizing employment o a person whose earning capacity is impaired by physical disability or menta deficiency at less than the minimum wage. Such licenses shall be granted only upon joint application of employer and employee and employee's representative if any.
(B) A special license may be issued to a nonprofit organization such as a sheltered workshop or rehabilitation facility fixing special minimum rates to enable the employment of such persons without requiring individual licenses of such employees.
(C) All such licenses and special licenses shall be renewed on a yearly basis or more frequently at the discretion of the Division. (See California Labor Code, Sections 1191 and 1191.5.)

## 7. RECORDS

(A) Every employer shall keep accurate information with respect to each employee including the following: number.

1) Full name, home address, occupation and social security
(2) Birth date, if under 18 years, and designation as a minor. each work period. Meal periods, split shift intervals and total daily hours
furnished pursuant to (A) and (B) above in the event said item is not eturned. No deduction shall be made at any time for normal wear and tear All items furnished by the employer shall be returned by the employee upon completion of the job

## 10. MEALS AND LODGING

(A)"Meal" means an adequate, well-balanced serving of a variety of wholesome, nutritious foods.
(B)"Lodging" means living accommodations available to the employee for full-time occupancy which are adequate, decent, and sanitary according to usual and customary standards. Employees shall not be required to share a bed
(C) Meals or lodging may not be credited against the minimum wage without a voluntary written agreement between the employer and th employee. When credit for meals or lodging is used to meet part of the mployer's minimum wage obligation, the amounts so credited may not be more than the following

## $\begin{array}{rr}\text { Effective } & \text { Effective } \\ \text { January 1, } 2007 & \text { January 1, } 2008\end{array}$

Lodging:
Room occupied alone
Room shared
$\$ 35.27$ per week $\$ 37.63$ per week $\$ 29.11$ per week $\$ 31.06$ per week Apartment-two-thirds ( $2 / 3$ ) of the ordinary rental value,
and in no event more than... \$423.51 per month \$451.89 per month Where a couple are both employed by the employer, wo-thirds (2/3) of the ordinary rental value, and in Meals:

| Breakfast . | \$2.72 | \$2.90 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lunch | \$3.72 | \$3.97 |
| Dinner | \$5.00 | \$5.34 |

(D) Meals evaluated, as part of the minimum wage, must be bona fid meals consistent with the employee's work shift. Deductions shall not be made for meals not received nor lodging not used.
(E) If, as a condition of employment, the employee must live at the lace of employment or occupy quarters owned or under the control of the charge rent in excess of the value listed herein.

## 11. MEAL PERIODS

(A) No employer shall employ any person for a work period of more than five (5) hours without a meal period of not less than 30 minutes, excep that when a work period of not more than six (6) hours will complete the employer and employee. Unless the employee is relieved of all duty during a 30 minute meal period the meal period shall be considered an "on duty meal period and counted as time worked. An "on duty" meal period shall be permitted only when the nature of the work prevents an employee from being relieved of all duty and when by written agreement between the parties an on-the-job paid meal period is agreed to. The written agreemen shall state that the employee may, in writing, revoke the agreement at any time.
(B) If an employer fails to provide an employee a meal period in accordance with the applicable provisions of this Order, the employer shal pay the employee one (1) hour of pay at the employee's regular rate of

Board.
(B) Suitable resting facilities shall be provided in an area separate from the toilet rooms and shall be available to employees during work hours.

## 14. SEATS

(A) All working employees shall be provided with suitable seats when the nature of the work reasonably permits the use of seats
(B) When employees are not engaged in the active duties of their employment and the nature of the work requires standing, an adequate number of suitable seats shall be placed in reasonable proximity to the work area and employees shall be permitted to use such seats when it does not interfere with the performance of their duties.

## 15. TEMPERATURE

(A) The temperature maintained in each work area shall provide reasonable comfort consistent with industry-wide standards for the nature of the process and the work performed.
(B) If excessive heat or humidity is created by the work process, the employer shall take all feasible means to reduce such excessive heat or humidity to a degree providing reasonable comfort. Where the nature of the employment requires a temperature of less than $60^{\circ}$ F., a heated room shall be provinain
C) A temperature of
not less than $68^{\circ}$ shall be maintained in the toilet rooms, resting rooms, and change rooms during hours of use.
(D) Federal and State energy guidelines shall prevail over any conflicting provision of this section

## 16. ELEVATORS

Adequate elevator, escalator or similar service consistent with indus-try-wide standards for the nature of the process and the work performed shall be provided when employees are employed four floors or more above or below ground level.

## 17. EXEMPTIONS

If, in the opinion of the Division after due investigation, it is found that the enforcement of any provision contained in Section 7, Records; Section 12, Rest Periods; Section 13, Change Rooms and Resting Facilities; Section 14, Seats; Section 15, Temperature; or Section 16, Elevators work an undue hardship on the employer, exemption may be made at the discretion of the Division. Such exemptions shall be in writing to be effective and may be revoked after reasonable notice is given in writing. Application for exemption shall be made by the employer or by the employee and/or the employee's representative to the Division in writing. A copy of the application shall be posted at the place of employment at the time the application is filed with the Division.

## 18. FILING REPORTS

(See California Labor Code, Section 1174(a))

## 19. INSPECTION

(See California Labor Code, Section 1174)

## 20. PENALTIES

(See Labor Code, Section 1199)
(A) In addition to any other civil penalties provided by law, any other person acting on behalf of the employer who violates, or causes to be violated, the provisions of this order, shall be subject to the
worked shall also be recorded．Meal periods during which operations cease and authorized rest periods need not be recorded．
（4）Total wages paid each payroll period，including value of board lodging，or other compensation actually furnished to the employee．
（5）Total hours worked in the payroll period and applicable rates of pay．This information shall be made readily available to the employee upon reasonable request．
（6）When a piece rate or incentive plan is in operation，piece rates or an explanation of the incentive plan formula shall be provided to employees．An accurate production record shall be maintained by the employer．
（B）Every employer shall semimonthly or at the time of each payment of wages furnish each employee，either as a detachable part of the check draft，or voucher paying the employee＇s wages，or separately，an itemized statement in writing showing：（1）all deductions；（2）the inclusive dates of the period for which the employee is paid；（3）the name of the employee or the employee＇s social security number；and（4）the name of the employer provided all deductions made on written orders of the employee may be aggregated and shown as one item．
（C）All required records shall be in the English language and in ink or other indelible form，properly dated，showing month，day and year，and shal bemperment or employee＇s records shall be available for inspection by the employee upon reasonable request
sonable request
distance thereto in provided in all major work areas or within reason

## 8．CASH SHORTAGE AND BREAKAGE

No employer shall make any deduction from the wage or require any reimbursement from an employee for any cash shortage，breakage，or loss of equipment，unless it can be shown that the shortage，breakage，or los employee．

## 9．UNIFORMS AND EQUIPMENT

（A）When uniforms are required by the employer to be worn by the employee as a condition of employment，such uniforms shall be provided and maintained by the employer．The term＂uniform＂includes wearing apparel and accessories of distinctive design or color．

NOTE：This section shall not apply to protective apparel regulated by
the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board．
（B）When tools or equipment are required by the employer or are necessary to the performance of a job，such tools and equipment shall be provided and maintained by the employer，except that an employee whose wages are at least two（2）times the minimum wage provided herein may be required to provide and maintain hand tools and equipment customarily required by the trade or craft．Notwithstanding any other provision of this section，employees in beauty salons，schools of beauty culture offering beauty care to the public for a fee，and barber shops may be required to ting scissors combs blowers，razors，and eyebrow tweezers This subsec ting scissors，combs，blowers，razors，and eyebrow weezed Division of Apprenticeship Standards．

NOTE：This section shall not apply to protective equipment and safety
devices on tools regulated by the Occupational Safety and Health
Standards Board
（C）A reasonable deposit may be required as security for the return of the items furnished by the employer under provisions of subsections（A） and（B）of this section upon issuance of a receipt to the employee for such deposit．Such deposits shall be made pursuant to Section 400 and following of the Labor Code or an employer with the prior written authorization of the employee may deduct from the employee＇s last check the cost of an item
compensation for each work day that the meal period is not provided． （C）In all places of employment where employees are required to eat on the premises，a suitable place for that purpose shall be designated． （D）Notwithstanding any other provision of this order，employees in the health care industry who work shifts in excess of eight（8）total hours in a workday may voluntarily waive their right to one of their two meal periods In order to be valid，any such waiver must be documented in a written agreement that is voluntarily signed by both the employee and the em omployer at least one day＇s written notice The employee shall be fully moren forking time including any on－the－job meal period while such a waiver is in effect
（E）Employees with direct responsibility for children who are under 18 years of age or who are not emancipated from the foster care system and who，in either case，are receiving 24 hour residential care，and employee of 24 hour residential care facilities for the elderly，blind or developmentally disabled individuals may be required to work on－duty meal periods withou penalty when necessary to meet regulatory or approved program standard and one of the following two conditions is met
（1）（a）The residential care employees eats with residents during residents＇meals and the employer provides the same meal at no charge to the employee；or
（b）The employee is in sole charge of the resident（s）and ，on the day shift，the employer provides a meal at no charge to the employee．
（2）An employee，except for the night shift，may exercise the right o have an off－duty meal period upon 30 days＇notice to the employer fo be no more than one off－duty meal period every two weeks．

## 12．REST PERIODS

（A）Every employer shall authorize and permit all employees to take est periods，which insofar as practicable shall be in the middle of each wor worked daily at the rate of ten（10）minutes net rest time per four（4）hours or major fraction thereof．However，a rest period need not be authorized for employees whose total daily work time is less than three and one－hal $3^{1 / 2}$ ）hours．Authorized rest period time shall be counted，as hours worked or which there shall be no deduction from wages．
（B）If an employer fails to provide an employee a rest period in accordance with the applicable provisions of this Order，the employer shal pay the employee one（1）hour of pay at the employee＇s regular rate of ompensation for each work day that the rest period is not provided．
（C）However，employees with direct responsibility for children who are under 18 years of age or who are not emancipated from the foster care mployees of 24 hour residential care facilities for elderly，blind or develop employees of 24 hour residential care faciities for elderly，blind or develop remain on the premises and maintain general supervision of residents during rest periods if the employee is in sole charge of residents．Another est period shall be authorized and permitted by the employer when an employee is affirmatively required to interrupt his／her break to respond to the needs of residents．

## 13．CHANGE ROOMS AND RESTING FACILITIES

（A）Employers shall provide suitable lockers，closets，or equivalent fo the safekeeping of employees＇outer clothing during working hours，and when required，for their work clothing during non－working hours．When the ccupation requires a change of clothing，change rooms or equivalen pre shall be provided in order that employees may change their coliacen but shall privacy and comfore ren clean

NOTE：This section shall not apply to change rooms and storag facilities regulated by the Occupational Safety and Health Standards
civil penalty of：
1）Initial Violation－$\$ 50.00$ for each underpaid employee for each pay period during which the employee was underpaid in addition to the amount which is sufficient to recover unpaid wages
（2）Subsequent Violations－$\$ 100.00$ for each underpaid em－ ployee for each pay period during which the employee was underpaid in addition to an amount which is sufficient to recover unpaid wages
（3）The affected employee shall receive payment of all wages recovered．
（B）The Labor Commissioner may also issue citations pursuant to Labor Code § 1197.

## 21．SEPARABILITY

If the application of any provision of this Order，or any section， subsection，subdivision，sentence，clause，phrase，word，or portion of this Order should be held invalid or unconstitutional or unauthorized or prohib－ ted by statute，the remaining provisions thereof shall not if the part so held invalid or unconstitutional had not been included herein．

## 22．POSTING OF ORDER

Every employer shall keep a copy of this Order posted in an area requented by employees where it may be easily read during the workday employer shall keep a copy of this Order and make it available to every employee upon request．

QUESTIONS ABOUT ENFORCEMENT of the Industrial Welfare Commission orders and reports of violations should be directed to the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement．A listing of the DLSE offices is on the back of this wage order．Look in the white pages of your telephone directory under CALIFORNIA，State of，Industrial Relations for the address and telephone number of the office nearest you．The Division has offices in the following cities：Bakersfield，El Centro，Eureka，Fresno，Long Beach， Los Angeles，Oakland，Redding，Sacramento，Salinas，San Bernardino， San Diego，San Francisco，San Jose，Santa Ana，Santa Barbara，Santa Rosa，Stockton，Van Nuys．

## SUMMARIES IN OTHER LANGUAGES

The Department of Industrial Relations will make summaries of wage and hour requirements in this Order available in Spanish，
Chinese and certain other languages when it is feasible to do so． Mail your request for such summaries to the Department at： P．O．Box 420603，San Francisco，CA 94142－0603．

RESUMEN EN OTROS IDIOMAS
El Departamento de Relaciones Industriales confeccionara un resumensobrelosin $y$ isitios de salanido en espanol，chino y algunos otros idiomas cuando sea posible
hacerlo．Envie por correo su pedido por dichos resumenes al Departamento a：P．O．Box 420603，San Francisco，CA 94142－0603．

## 其它文字的描触

文，中文印出。其宅文字如有需要，也特同啧辨理。如果您有需要叮以來信克関，謤㟢刑：Department of Industrial Relations ．O．Box 420603
San Francisco，CA 94142－0603

## Division of Labor Standards Enforcement (DLSE)

For labor law information and assistance for your area call the pre-recorded information lines in bold below. If the information you need is not provided in the pre-recorded message, please call the general office number listed.

## BAKERSFIELD

Division of Labor Standards Enforcement
5555 California Ave., Suite 200
Bakersfield, CA 93309
661-395-2710
661-859-2462

## EL CENTRO

Division of Labor Standards Enforcement 1550 W. Main St.
El Centro, CA 92643
760-353-0607
760-353-2544

## EUREKA

Division of Labor Standards Enforcement
619 Second Street, Room 109
Eureka, CA 9550
707-445-6613
707-441-4604

## FRESNO

Division of Labor Standards Enforcement
770 E. Shaw Ave., Suite 315
Fresno, CA 93710
559-244-5340
559-248-8398

## LONG BEACH

Division of Labor Standards Enforcement
300 Oceangate, $3^{\text {rd }}$ Floor
Long Beach, CA 90802
562-590-5048
562-491-0160

## LOS ANGELES

Division of Labor Standards Enforcement
320 W. Fourth St, Suite 450
Los Angeles, CA 90013
213-620-6330
213-576-6227

## OAKLAND

Division of Labor Standards Enforcement
1515 Clay Street, Room 801
1515 Clay Street, Ro
5akland, CA
510-622-3273
510-622-2660

## REDDING

Division of Labor Standards Enforcement
2115 Civic Center Drive, Room 17
Redding, CA 9600
530-225-2655
530-229-0565

## SACRAMENTO

Division of Labor Standards Enforcement
2031 Howe Ave, Suite 100
Sacramento, CA 95825
916-263-1811
916-263-5378

## SALINAS

Division of Labor Standards Enforcement
1870 N. Main Street, Suite 150
Salinas, CA 93906
831-443-3041
831-443-3029

## SAN BERNARDINO

Division of Labor Standards Enforcement
464 West $4^{\text {th }}$ Street, Room 348
San Bernardino, CA 92401
909-383-4334
909-889-8120

## SAN DIEGO

Division of Labor Standards Enforcement
7575 Metropolitan, Room 210
San Diego CA 92108
619-220-5451
619-682-7221

## SAN FRANCISCO

Division of Labor Standards Enforcement
455 Golden Gate Ave. $10^{\text {th }}$ Floor
San Francisco, CA 94102
415-703-5300
415-703-5444

## SAN FRANCISCO - HEADQUARTERS

Division of Labor Standards Enforcement 455 Golden Gate Ave. $9^{\text {th }}$ Floor
San Francisco, CA 94102
415-703-4810

## SAN JOSE

Division of Labor Standards Enforcement
100 Paseo De San Antonio, Room 120
San Jose, CA 95113
408-277-1266
408-277-3711

## SANTA ANA

Division of Labor Standards Enforcement
28 Civic Center Plaza, Room 625
Santa Ana, CA 92701
714-558-4910
714-558-4574

## SANTA BARBARA

Division of Labor Standards Enforcement
411 E. Canon Perdido, Room
Santa Barbara, CA 93101
805-568-1222
805-965-7214

## SANTA ROSA

Division of Labor Standards Enforcement
50 "D" Street, Suite 360
Santa Rosa, CA 95404
707-576-2362
707-576-2459

## STOCKTON

Division of Labor Standards Enforcement
31 E. Channel Street, Room 317
Stockton, CA 95202
209-948-7771
209-941-1906

## VAN NUYS

Division of Labor Standards Enforcement
6150 Van Nuys Boulevard, Room 206
Van Nuys, CA 91401
818-901-5315
818-908-4556

EMPLOYERS: Do not send copies of your alternative workweek election ballots or election procedures.
Only the results of the alternative workweek election shall be mailed to:

## Department of Industrial Relations

Division of Labor Statistics and Research
P.O. Box 420603

San Francisco, CA 94142-0603
(415) 703-4780

